Contribution to the FEMS meeting on « Precipitation Hardening »

Prepared by the SF2M-MECAMAT « Phase transformation » working group Steering Committee:

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Contribution to the FEMS meeting on « Precipitation Hardening »

- Experts who have been interviewed so far:
 - Philippe Maugis (Steel) philippe.maugis@im2np.fr
 - Jean-Marie Welter (Copper Alloys) jean-marie.welter@pt.lu

Objectives of the Meeting

- « to identify the needs of industry for R&D&I in the field of precipitation and to influence Horizon 2020 with an opinion white paper ».
- « particular focus on precipitation hardening in alloys (Fe, Al, Cu, Ti alloys, etc.) »
- « to identify subtopics and to prioritized them»



What is at stake

- Acceleration of new light materials developpement to improve energy consumption
- Replace elements which could be critically available (rare earth) or expensive (with a fluctuating price Mo, Ni, Ag) for Europe

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- USA has launched the MATERIALS GENOME INITIATIVE & Europe must have an ambitious project to accelerate the development of new materials and maintain a top level in material science.

4 themes identified

- First stages of precipitation/natural ageing
- Coarsening resistance / heat resistant alloys
- Dynamics of reconstructive phase transformations
- From microstructure description to stress-strain curves calculation

THEME 1.a

- First stages of precipitation/natural ageing
 - Very small clusters (including their free energy),
 - Solute vacancy interactions,
 - Solute-solute & solute-vacancy elastic interactions,
 - Elastic field generated by precipitates
 - At least 2 solute elements (for example AI-Mg-Zn, AI-Mg-Si, Fe-Nb-C-N, Cu-Ni-Si, Cu-Ni-Sn)
 - Competition between phases,
 - Homogeneous nucleation
 - Heterogeneous nucleation on grain boundaries and dislocation
 - Impact on subsequent precipitation kinetics .



Al-Mg-Si-Cu, STEM, T. Epicier (MATEIS, Lyon) & C. Cayron (CEA Grenoble)





AI - Sc - Zr alloy, Al3(Zr,Sc) E. Clouet & M. Nastar, CEA Saclay

NbC in stell, HRTEM + nano EELS, <u>E. Courtois</u> (GEMPPM Lyon)

Theme1.a/modeling tools

- Ab-initio T=0K:
 - Solute-solute, solute-solvant & solute-Va chemical interaction (unrelaxed cluster enthalpies),
 - Free-stress eigenstrains of clusters,
 - Elastic constants of pure solvant,
 - Saddle points and kinetic paths (-> solute mobilities).
 - Interaction solute –dislocation and GB



Theme1.a /modeling tools

• Kinetic Monte Carlo:

- Several solutes,
- Long range elastic interactions (lattice statics),
- Out-of-equilibrium vacancies.
- Grain boundary, dislocation



Kinetic Monte Carlo, NbC + one dislocation, Céline Hin & F. Soisson, CEA Saclay

- Upscaling towards meso- & macromodels (at least for the coarsening stage).
 - Cluster Dynamics
 - Phase field modelling
 - Size distribution macro model



Theme1.a/experimental tools

- DSC, resistivity, dilatometry, SAXS, SANS
- Positron Annihilation,
- Atom probe tomography,
- In-situ measurement of lattice parameter by X rays,
- MET HAADF.



Atom Probe, B. Gault, Sydney



NbC aligned on a dislocation, TEM DF, F. Perrard CEA Saclay



SAXS of GP zones in Aluminum, A. Dechamps, SIMAP

Theme 1.b / coarsening resistance

- At stake: heat resistant alloys,
 - Modification of the nature of the precipitate
 - Modification of solute mobilities
- Example of some heat resistant alloys:
 - Cu-Cr, Cu-Ni-Si,
 - AlCuLi, AlCuMg

Theme 1.b / Modeling tools

• Ab-initio+ Statistical Physics (T>0K):

- Interfacial energies
- Interfacial & bulk mobilities
- Free energy of phases

• Meso- & macro- models

- Cluster Dynamics
- Phase field modelling
- Size distribution macro model

Theme1.b / experimental tools

- DSC, dilatometry, SAXS, SANS
- Atom probe tomography,
- TEM, SEM.
- Room temperature and Hot Tensile test

THEME 2

- Dynamics of reconstructive phase transformations
 - without solute long range diffusion
 - Massive transformation (Fe-Cr alloys),
 - Martensitic transformation (shape memory alloys)
 - with solute long range diffusion
 - Precipitation in Aluminum Alloys: Effect of cold deformation on nucleation on stacking faults and growth of Al₂CuLi (fcc->hcp),
 - Precipitation in Titanium Alloys: beta (cc) to alpha (hcp)





Al2CuLi, TEM HAADF



Theme 2/modeling tools

- Ab-initio T=0K:
 - Free-stress eigenstrains of second phase,
 - Elastic constants of matrix.
 - Partial dislocation / stacking fault enthalpy including effects of solute segregation along stacking faults)
- Ab-initio+ Statistical Physics (T>0K):
 - Interfacial energies
 - Interfacial mobilities
 - Free energy of phases
 - Stacking fault energy

Theme 2/modeling tools

- Continuous modeling (phase field type):
 - Generalized Landau free energy modeling describing:
 - phase transformation,
 - associated shear modes,
 - dislocations in matrix & precipitates.



Phase field, U. Salman & A. Finel, LEM/Onera

- Model should allow large deformations



Phase field, A. Settefrati & E. Gautier, IJL

Theme 2/experimental tools

- In situ SAXS,
- SANS
- In situ X ray diffraction,
- Atom Probe,
- HAADF-STEM,
- 3D TEM, SEM
- Strain Field Measurement by HREM



 $\beta\text{-metastable titanium alloy,}$ TEM EDS, M. Dehmas, IJL





Strain Field Measurement by HREM in AlCuLi alloy, M. LeFournier & J. Douin, CEMES .

THEME 3

- From microstructure description to stressstrain curves calculation:
 - Interaction dislocations<->precipitates,
 - Interaction dislocations-solid solution.

Examples:

- Mechanical properties of Martensite
- Solute dislocation interactions in Fe-Al Alloys
- Bauschinger effect in steels
- Al-Mg-Zn, Al-Mg-Si

Theme 3/modeling tools

• Ab-initio T=0K:

- Antiphase boundary energies,
- Core dislocation morphology energy,
- Effect of solute elements with dislocation & on staking faults.

• Ab-initio+ Statistical Physics (T>0K):

- Interfacial energies
- Free energy of phases
- Segregation on defects (dislocations, staking faults)

Theme 3/modeling tools

- Microstructure <-> Mechanics interactions:
 - Coupling of microstructure evolutions
 - Phase field,
 - Macro description,
 - with:
 - dislocations:
 - Dislocation Dynamics,
 - Continuous plastic strain fields (Generalized Continuum Mechanics).
- Or new integrated approaches.

Theme 3/experimental tools

- Tensile, compression & bending tests,
- Confocal microscopy (macro),
- SEM EBSD (stress mapping, GND density mapping),
- TEM (ex- or in- situ),
- X Ray diffraction -> elastic deformations,
- Synchrotron Radiation Tomography,
- Time resolved Synchrotron X Ray diffraction,
- in situ tensile test in MEB EBSD.
- Neutron diffraction